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Ordinance on Measures during the Special Situation to combat the COVID-19 Epidemic (COVID-19 Special Situation Ordinance)

of 19 June 2020 (Status as of 19 April 2021)

The Swiss Federal Council,

on the basis of Article 6 paragraph 2 letters a and b of the Epidemics Act of 28 September 2012¹ (EpidA),

ordains:

Section 1 General Provisions

Art. 1 Subject matter and purpose

¹ This Ordinance introduces measures that apply to the general public, organisations and institutions and the cantons to combat the COVID-19 epidemic.

² The measures serve to prevent the spread of the coronavirus (COVID-19) and to break chains of transmission.

Art. 2 Responsibility of the cantons

Unless this Ordinance provides otherwise, the cantons shall retain their responsibilities.

Section 2 Measures involving Persons

Art. 3 Principle²

Every person shall follow the recommendations of the Federal Office of Public Health (FOPH) on hygiene and social distancing during the COVID-19 epidemic³.

AS 2020 2213

¹ SR 818.101

² Inserted by No I of the O of 2 July 2020, in force since 6 July 2020 (AS 2020 2735).

³ Available at www.bag.admin.ch > Diseases > Infections diseases: outbreaks, Epidemics, Pandemics > Current outbreaks and epidemics > New coronavirus > Protect yourself and others.

Art. 3a⁴ Persons travelling on public transport

¹ Persons travelling on public transport vehicles, such as trains, trams, buses, ships, aircraft and cableways, must wear a face mask. The following persons are exempted from this requirement:

- a. children under the age of 12;
- b.⁵ persons who can prove that they are unable to wear face masks for compelling reasons, in particular medical reasons; in order to prove medical reasons, a certificate is required from a professional who is authorised to exercise their profession under their own professional responsibility in accordance with the Medical Professions Act of 23 June 2006⁶ or the Psychology Professions Act of 18 March 2011⁷.

² Public transport vehicles under paragraph 1 are:

- a.⁸ vehicles operated by companies with a concession under Article 6 or a licence under Article 7 or 8 of the Passenger Transport Act of 20 March 2009⁹;
- b. aircraft operated by companies holding an operating licence in accordance with Articles 27 or 29 of the Civil Aviation Act of 21 December 1948¹⁰ that are used for scheduled or charter flights.

Art. 3b¹¹ Persons in publicly accessible areas of businesses and establishments and in public transport access areas

¹ A face mask must be worn in publicly accessible indoor and outdoor areas of businesses and establishments, including markets, in waiting areas for trains, buses trams and cableways, and in railway stations, airports and other public transport access areas.¹²

² The following persons are exempted from this requirement:

- a. children under the age of 12;

⁴ Inserted by No I of the O of 2 July 2020 (AS **2020** 2735). Amended by No I of the O of 12 Aug. 2020 (Requirement to wear Masks in Aircraft; Large-Scale Events), in force since 15 Aug. 2020 (AS **2020** 3547).

⁵ Amended by No I of the O of 24 Feb. 2021 (Extension of Measures and Relaxation of Measures related to Leisure, Culture, Sport and Shops), in force since 1 March 2021 (AS **2021** 110).

⁶ SR **811.11**

⁷ SR **935.81**

⁸ Amended by No I of the O of 4 Dec. 2020 (Special Arrangements for Public Holidays and Winter Sports Centres), in force since 9 Dec. 2020 (AS **2020** 5189).

⁹ SR **745.1**

¹⁰ SR **748.0**

¹¹ Inserted by No I of the O of 18 Oct. 2020 (Mandatory masks; Recommendation to work from home) (AS **2020** 4159). Amended by No I of the O of 28 Oct. 2020 (Measures that apply to Persons, publicly accessible Establishments and Businesses and Events, and for the Protection of Employees), in force since 29 Oct. 2020 (AS **2020** 4503).

¹² Amended by No I of the O of 4 Dec. 2020 (Special Arrangements for Public Holidays and Winter Sports Centres), in force since 9 Dec. 2020 (AS **2020** 5189).

- b.¹³ persons who can prove that they are unable to wear a face mask for compelling reasons, in particular medical reasons; proof of medical reasons must be provided in accordance with Article 3a paragraph 1 letter b;
 - c. persons in institutions that provide childcare outside the family, provided wearing a face mask significantly impedes the provision of care;
 - d.¹⁴ guests in restaurants, bars and clubs who are consuming food or drinks while seated at a table;
 - e. persons undergoing a medical or cosmetic procedure to the face;
 - f. performers, in particular speakers, and athletes and artists in accordance with Articles 6e and 6f.
- ³ Socio-medical institutions may in consultation with the responsible cantonal authority provide in their precautionary measures plans that the following persons are exempted from this requirement in their publicly accessible areas:
- a. residents who have been vaccinated against COVID-19 in accordance with the FOPH vaccination recommendations for mRNA vaccines: for 6 months from the 14th day after vaccination;
 - b. residents who can prove that they have been infected with Sars-CoV-2 and have recovered: for 3 months from the date on which they were authorised to leave isolation by the responsible cantonal authority.¹⁵

Art. 3c¹⁶ Measures that apply in public places¹⁷

¹ Gatherings of more than 15 persons are prohibited in public places such as squares, paths and parks.¹⁸

² All persons in the following public areas must wear a face mask:

- a.¹⁹ in busy pedestrian zones in city, town and village centres and winter sports resorts;

¹³ Amended by No I of the O of 24 Feb. 2021 (Extension of Measures and Relaxation of Measures related to Leisure, Culture, Sport and Shops), in force since 1 March 2021 (AS 2021 110).

¹⁴ Amended by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force since 19 April 2021 (AS 2021 213).

¹⁵ Inserted by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force since 19 April 2021 (AS 2021 213).

¹⁶ Inserted by No I of the O of 18 Oct. 2020 (Mandatory masks; Recommendation to work from home), in force since 19 Oct. 2020 (AS 2020 4159).

¹⁷ Amended by No I of the O of 28 Oct. 2020 (Measures that apply to Persons, publicly accessible Establishments and Businesses and Events, and for the Protection of Employees), in force since 29 Oct. 2020 (AS 2020 4503).

¹⁸ Amended by No I of the O of 24 Feb. 2021 (Extension of Measures and Relaxation of Measures related to Leisure, Culture, Sport and Shops), in force since 1 March 2021 (AS 2021 110).

¹⁹ Amended by No I of the O of 4 Dec. 2020 (Special Arrangements for Public Holidays and Winter Sports Centres), in force since 9 Dec. 2020 (AS 2020 5189).

- b. in other public areas whenever too many people are present for the required distance to be maintained.²⁰

³ The exceptions under Article 3b paragraph 2 letters a and b apply to the requirement under paragraph 2.²¹

Section 2a²²

Measures relating to Contact Quarantine and Isolation

Art. 3d Ordering contact quarantine

¹ The responsible cantonal authority shall place into quarantine persons who within the periods specified below have had close contact with the following infected persons:

- a. a person whose infection with Sars-CoV-2 has been confirmed or is probable and who is displaying symptoms, where contact takes place in the period from 48 hours before the symptoms began until 10 days thereafter;
- b. a person whose infection with Sars-CoV-2 has been confirmed but who is asymptomatic, where contact takes place in the period from 48 hours before the person was tested until the person goes into isolation.

² The following persons are exempted from contact quarantine:

- a. persons who within the three months prior to having close contact with one of the persons under paragraph 1 were infected with and have recovered from Sars-CoV-2 and who have been permitted by the responsible cantonal authority to leave isolation;
- b. persons who carry out an activity that is of high importance to society and for which there is an acute shortage of staff.

³ Persons working for businesses in which employees are subject to systematic and repetitive testing are exempted from contact quarantine during their professional activities and when travelling to work, provided the following requirements are met:

- a. The business has a plan that allows employees simple access to tests on the premises; employees must be able to take a test at least once a week.
- b. The requirements are met for the Confederation to pay the cost of the tests in accordance with Annex 6 Sections 3.1 and 3.2 the COVID-19 Ordinance 3 of 19 June 2020²³.

²⁰ Inserted by No 1 of the O of 28 Oct. 2020 (Measures that apply to Persons, publicly accessible Establishments and Businesses and Events, and for the Protection of Employees), in force since 29 Oct. 2020 (AS 2020 4503).

²¹ Inserted by No 1 of the O of 28 Oct. 2020 (Measures that apply to Persons, publicly accessible Establishments and Businesses and Events, and for the Protection of Employees), in force since 29 Oct. 2020 (AS 2020 4503).

²² Inserted by No 1 of the O of 27 Jan. 2021 (Contact Quarantine and Isolation), in force since 8 Feb. 2021 (AS 2021 60).

²³ SR 818.101.24

- c. The persons concerned remain in contact quarantine when not at work or travelling to work.²⁴

⁴ In respect of specific persons or categories of persons, the responsible cantonal authority may:

- a. in justified cases authorise additional exemptions from or relaxations of the regulations on contact quarantine for specific persons;
- b. in cases other than those under paragraph 1 or even if the requirements under paragraph 3 are met, place a person in contact quarantine if this is necessary in order to prevent the spread of COVID-19.²⁵

⁵ It shall notify the FOPH of measures taken in respect of specific categories of persons under paragraph 4.²⁶

Art. 3e Duration and early termination of contact quarantine

¹ Contact quarantine shall last for 10 days from the time of last close contact with the person under Article 3d paragraph 1.

² Persons in contact quarantine may leave quarantine early if:

- a.²⁷ they provide the responsible cantonal authority with proof of a negative result for one of the following tests on or after the seventh day of quarantine:
1. a molecular-biological test for Sars-CoV-2,
 2. a Sars-CoV-2-rapid test according to the diagnostic standard; and
- b. the responsible cantonal authority agrees to the early termination of quarantine.

³ Persons over the age of 12 who leave quarantine early pursuant to paragraph 4 must wear a face mask and maintain a distance of at least 1.5 metres from other persons when outside their home or accommodation until the point in time at which quarantine would have ended.²⁸

Art. 3f Isolation

¹ The responsible cantonal authority shall order persons who are suffering from COVID-19 or who have been infected with Sars-CoV-2 to isolate for 10 days.

²⁴ Amended by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force since 19 April 2021 (AS 2021 213).

²⁵ Inserted by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force since 19 April 2021 (AS 2021 213).

²⁶ Inserted by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force since 19 April 2021 (AS 2021 213).

²⁷ Amended by No II 2 of the O of 12 March 2021, in force since 15 March 2021 (AS 2021 145).

²⁸ Amended by No II 2 of the O of 12 March 2021, in force since 15 March 2021 (AS 2021 145).

² If a person displays particularly serious symptoms or if he or she suffers from severe immunosuppression, the responsible cantonal authority may order a longer period in isolation.

³ The period in isolation begins:

- a. on the day that symptoms begin;
- b. if the person suffering from COVID-19 or infected with Sars-CoV-2 is asymptomatic: on the day the test is carried out.

⁴ The responsible cantonal authority shall terminate isolation after 10 days at the earliest, provided the person in isolation:

- a. has been symptom-free for at least 48 hours; or
- b. continues to display symptoms but these are such that the continuation of isolation is no longer justified.

Section 3

Measures relating to Publicly Accessible Establishments, Businesses and Events

Art. 4 Precautionary measures plan

¹ Operators of publicly accessible establishments and businesses, including education and training institutions, and organisers of events must draw up and implement a precautionary measures plan.

² The precautionary measures plan must meet the following requirements:

- a. It must include measures relating to hygiene and social distancing for the establishment, the business or the event.
- b. It must include measures that guarantee compliance with the requirement to wear a mask under Article 3*b*.
- c. It must include measures that restrict access to the establishment, business or event in such a way that allows the required distance to be maintained. This does not apply to access to public transport vehicles.
- d. If persons are present who are exempted from the requirement to wear a face mask under Article 3*b* paragraph 2 or under Article 6*e* or 6*f*, either the required distance must be maintained or other effective protective measures must be taken, such as erecting suitable barriers. If this is not possible because of the nature of the activity or of the premises, provision must be made for recording the contact details of the persons present in accordance with Article 5.²⁹

²⁹ Amended by No I of the O of 28 Oct. 2020 (Measures that apply to Persons, publicly accessible Establishments and Businesses and Events, and for the Protection of Employees), in force since 29 Oct. 2020 (AS 2020 4503).

³ The requirements of paragraph 2 are specified in more detail in Annex 1. The Federal Department of Home Affairs (FDHA) shall update these requirements in consultation with the Federal Department of Economic Affairs, Education and Research (EAER) in line with the latest scientific advice.

⁴ A person must be designated in the precautionary measures plan as responsible for implementing the plan and as the contact for the competent authorities.

Art. 5 Recording contact details

¹ If contact details are recorded in accordance with Annex 1 number 4, the persons concerned must be informed about the recording and its purpose. If the contact details are already known, as in the case of education and training institutions or private events, the persons concerned must be informed that their details may be used for this purpose.

² The contact details must on request be passed on in electronic form without delay to the responsible cantonal authority or organisation in accordance with Article 33 EpidA for the purpose of identifying and notifying persons who may have been infected.³⁰

³ The contact details recorded may not be used for any other purposes, must be retained for 14 days after the persons concerned participated in the event or visited the establishment or business, and must be destroyed immediately thereafter.

Art. 5a³¹ Special provisions for restaurants, bars and clubs and on discotheques and dance venues

¹ Restaurants, bars, clubs, discotheques and dance halls are not permitted to operate.

² The prohibition does not apply to the following businesses:

- a. businesses that offer takeaway food and drinks and that deliver meals;
- b. restaurants, cafés, bars and clubs including takeaway businesses, provided they only offer food and drinks for consumption in outdoor areas; outdoor areas are defined as terraces and other spaces outside of a building where the free circulation of air is guaranteed and which:
 1. are not covered, or
 2. are covered but at least half of their sides are open.
- c. staff canteens that cater exclusively for persons working in the business concerned and that include the following measures in their precautionary measures plan on serving and consuming food and drinks:

³⁰ Amended by No I of the O of 28 Oct. 2020 (Measures that apply to Persons, publicly accessible Establishments and Businesses and Events, and for the Protection of Employees), in force since 29 Oct. 2020 (AS 2020 4503).

³¹ Inserted by No I of the O of 18 Oct. 2020 (Mandatory masks; Recommendation to work from home) (AS 2020 4159). Amended by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force from 19 April until 31 May 2021 (AS 2021 213).

1. guests consuming food and drinks in the restaurant area must be seated,
 2. either the required distance must be maintained between individual guests or effective partitioning must be in place;
- d. restaurants and cafés, the indoor areas of which are open only to professional drivers and other professionals who are required to work outdoors, in particular agricultural and construction workers, tradespeople and assembly workers; in such restaurants and cafés, the following applies in addition to the protection measures under letter c:
1. they must notify the responsible cantonal authority of the services that they are offering,
 2. they may only serve guests who have made a reservation; the foregoing does not apply to serving professional drivers,
 3. they must record the contact details of all their guests;
- e. canteens or lunch and after-school clubs in primary and lower secondary schools that cater exclusively for schoolchildren, teaching staff and other school employees;
- f. restaurants and bars in hotels that are open only to hotel guests.
- ³ In establishments under paragraph 2 letters b and f, the following applies:
- a. groups of guests are limited to 4 persons per table; this does not apply to parents with children;
 - b. guests must be seated; in particular food and drink may only be consumed while seated;
 - c. groups of guests must either maintain the required distance from each other or must be separated by effective barriers;
 - d. the proprietor must record the contact details of all guests; the contact details of children who are with their parents need not be recorded.
- ⁴ The following opening hours apply:
- a. Businesses under paragraph 2 letters a and d must remain closed between 11pm and 6am.
 - b. Businesses under paragraph 2 letters c and d may only open during customary mealtimes and must in every case remain closed between 10pm and 6am; the foregoing does not apply to restaurants and cafés in companies that operate 24 hours a day in shifts.

Art. 5a^{bis}³²**Art. 5b³³** Special Provisions for winter sports resorts

¹ Communes with ski areas and significant numbers of winter sport guests (winter sports resorts) must draw up and implement a precautionary measures plan containing measures to guarantee compliance with social distancing requirements and to prevent gatherings of people in public areas.

² The precautionary measures plan must have rules on the following in particular:

- a. coordinating the opening hours of shops and restaurant-type establishments and arrangements for public access and waiting areas outside such shops and establishments;
- b. directing the movement of persons, in particular in areas around public transport stops and in car parks; these measures must be coordinated with those taken by the ski area operator;
- c. details of the locations where COVID-19 tests can be conducted;
- d. the deployment of staff to monitor compliance with the measures.

Art. 5c³⁴ Special provisions for ski area operators

¹ A ski area is defined as the entirety of transport installations pertaining to an operator, including the related ski slopes, sledge runs and other snow sports facilities.

² Ski area operators require authorisation from the responsible cantonal authority.

³ Authorisation shall be granted if:

- a. the epidemiological situation in the canton or region concerned so permits, whereby the situation must be assessed based on the indicators specified in Article 8 paragraph 1 letter a in particular;
- b. the canton has the capacities required to identify and notify persons who may have been infected as stipulated in Article 33 EpidA and the related exchange of data between cantons is guaranteed;
- c. the facilities for out- and in-patient healthcare services in the canton or region concerned have sufficient capacities for treating both persons who are ill with COVID-19 and other persons, in particular those with sports injuries;
- d. the canton in which the winter sports resort or region is located has sufficient test capacities for persons with symptoms of COVID-19; and

³² Inserted by No I of the O of 11 Dec. 2020 (Restrictions on Events and Opening Hours of Restaurants and other publicly accessible Businesses and Establishments) (AS 2020 5377). Repealed by No I of the O of 24 Feb. 2021 (Extension of Measures and Relaxation of Measures related to Leisure, Culture, Sport and Shops), with effect from 1 March 2021 (AS 2021 110).

³³ Inserted by No I of the O of 4 Dec. 2020 (Special Arrangements for Public Holidays and Winter Sports Centres), in force since 9 Dec. 2020 (AS 2020 5189).

³⁴ Inserted by No I of the O of 4 Dec. 2020 (Special Arrangements for Public Holidays and Winter Sports Centres), in force since 9 Dec. 2020 (AS 2020 5189).

e. the operator submits a precautionary measures plan.

⁴ The operator's precautionary measures plan must provide for the following in addition to what is required by Article 4:

- a. Occupancy of closed vehicles may not exceed two thirds of capacity.
- b. The movement of persons on access paths to public transport stops and car parks for transport installations as well as in access and waiting areas for these installations must be arranged so as to comply with social distancing requirements; on access paths the movement of persons must be organised in coordination with the winter sports resorts and the transport operators.
- c. Persons standing in the vicinity of and travelling on the transport installations must wear a face mask. Persons standing in the vicinity of the installation must maintained the required distance from each other.
- d. Persons who are infected with the coronavirus or who have symptoms of a COVID-19-illness may not be admitted to the ski area; to this end, suitable precautions must be taken, in particular requiring guests to make a personal declaration and instructing staff not to transport guests with obvious symptoms.
- e. The precautionary measures plan must be coordinated with the precautionary measures plans of the winter sports resorts and the operators of restaurant-type establishments in the ski area.
- f. Compliance with the measures in the precautionary measures plan must be monitored; in particular, compliance with social distancing requirements in access and waiting areas for transport installations must be checked.
- g. Guests who fail to comply with the measures in the precautionary measures plan despite repeated warnings shall be removed from the ski area.

⁵ The cantons shall conduct regular checks on whether the precautionary measures plan is being correctly implemented. They shall withdraw authorisation or impose additional requirements if:

- a. the operator fails to implement the precautionary measures plan correctly despite receiving a warning to do so;
- b. any of the requirements under paragraph 3 letters a–d is no longer satisfied.

Art. 5d³⁵ Special provisions for businesses and establishments in the culture, entertainment, leisure and sport sectors

¹ Publicly accessible indoor areas of businesses and establishments in the culture, entertainment, leisure and sport sectors may only open to the public if the require-

³⁵ Inserted by No I of the O of 18 Dec. 2020 (Tightening of Measures in December) (AS 2020 5813). Amended by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force from 19 April to 31 May 2021 (AS 2021 213).

ment to wear a mask under Article 3*b* is applied and the required distance can be maintained. The foregoing does not apply to:

- a. use for educational, sporting and cultural activities and for child and youth work, provided an exemption from wearing a face mask or maintaining the required distance in accordance with Articles 6*e*–6*g* applies;
- b. hotel facilities that are accessible to hotel guests only.

² The indoor areas of businesses and establishments that are closed in accordance with paragraph 1 but which are required in order that the outdoor areas may be used, in particular entrance areas, sanitary facilities and cloakrooms may be kept open.

Art. 5*e* and 5*f*³⁶

Art. 6³⁷ Special Provisions for events and trade fairs

¹ It is prohibited to hold events with more than 15 participants. This restriction does not apply to:³⁸

- a. events under Article 6*c*;
- b. political campaign events with up to 50 persons in attendance;
- c. hearings before courts and arbitration tribunals;
- d. religious events with up to 50 persons in attendance;
- e. funerals attended by family and close friends;
- f. education and training events permitted under Article 6*d*;
- g.³⁹ sporting or cultural events under Articles 6*e* paragraph 1 and 6*f* paragraphs 2 and 3;
- h.⁴⁰ events that are permitted activities under Article 6*g*;
- i.⁴¹ events with spectators or an audience in accordance with paragraph 1^{bis}.

^{1bis} The following applies to events with spectators or an audience:

³⁶ Inserted but limited by No I of the O of 13 Jan. 2021 (Further Tightening of Measures), in force from 18 Jan. 2021 to 28 Feb. 2021 (AS 2021 7).

³⁷ Amended by No I of the O of 24 Feb. 2021 (Extension of Measures and Relaxation of Measures related to Leisure, Culture, Sport and Shops), in force since 1 March 2021 (AS 2021 110).

³⁸ Amended by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force since 19 April 2021 (AS 2021 213).

³⁹ Amended by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force since 19 April 2021 (AS 2021 213).

⁴⁰ Amended by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force since 19 April 2021 (AS 2021 213).

⁴¹ Amended by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force since 19 April 2021 (AS 2021 213).

- a. a maximum of 50 persons are permitted as spectators or an audience (visitors) at indoor events. A maximum of 100 is permitted at outdoor events.
- b. A maximum of one third of the seats available to visitors may be occupied.
- c. Visitors must remain seated for the entire event, including any intervals, unless there are valid reasons for not remaining seated for a period; each visitor must be allocated a specific seat.
- d. The operation of restaurant-type establishments including takeaway businesses is prohibited.
- e. The consumption of food and drinks is prohibited.⁴²

² In the case of events involving family members and friends (private events) that are not held in publicly accessible establishments or businesses, a maximum of 10 persons may attend indoor events and a maximum of 15 persons may attend outdoor events. Only Article 3 applies. The requirement to draw up and implement a precautionary measures plan does not apply.⁴³

³ It is prohibited to hold trade fairs indoors.

Art. 6a and 6b⁴⁴

Art. 6c⁴⁵ Special provisions for meetings of political bodies, political and civil society demonstrations and collecting signatures

¹ Restrictions on numbers do not apply to the following events:

- a. meetings of the legislatures at federal, cantonal and communal level;
- b. meetings of public-sector bodies that cannot be postponed;
- c. meetings required to ensure the proper functioning of institutional beneficiaries under Article 2 paragraph 1 of the Host State Act of 22 June 2007⁴⁶.

² Articles 4–6 do not apply to political and civil society demonstrations and to collecting signatures. Participants must wear face masks; however, the exemptions under Article 3b paragraph 2 letters a and b apply.

⁴² Inserted by No 1 of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force since 19 April 2021 (AS 2021 213).

⁴³ Amended by No 1 of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force since 19 April 2021 (AS 2021 213).

⁴⁴ Inserted by No 1 of the O of 2 Sept. 2020 (Large-Scale Events) (AS 2020 3679). Repealed by No 1 of the O of 28 Oct. 2020 (Measures that apply to Persons, publicly accessible Establishments and Businesses and Events, and for the Protection of Employees), with effect from 29 Oct 2020 (AS 2020 4503).

⁴⁵ Inserted by No 1 of the O of 2 Sept. 2020 (Large-Scale Events) (AS 2020 3679). Amended by No 1 of the O of 28 Oct. 2020 (Measures that apply to Persons, publicly accessible Establishments and Businesses and Events, and for the Protection of Employees), in force since 29 Oct. 2020 (AS 2020 4503).

⁴⁶ SR 192.12

Art. 6d⁴⁷ Special provisions for educational and training institutions

¹ The following applies to events in educational and training institutions:

- a. Events requiring physical presence with more than 50 persons are prohibited.
- b. Rooms in which the events are held may be filled to a maximum of one third of their capacity.

² The restrictions under paragraph 1 do not apply to:

- a. primary and lower and upper secondary schools; including the associated examinations;
- b. the following activities, provided classroom presence is required for their conduct:
 1. teaching activities that are an essential part of the teaching programme,
 2. examinations in connection with study courses, in professional education or in order to obtain an official diploma.

² In the case of events requiring physical presence in institutions other than primary and lower secondary schools, the requirement to wear a face mask applies. This requirement does not apply:

- a. to persons under Article 3b paragraph 2 letter b;
- b. in situations in which wearing a face mask would significantly impede teaching.

Art. 6e⁴⁸ Special provisions that apply to the sports sector

¹ The following sports activities are permitted:

- a. sports activities for children and young persons born in 2001 or later, including matches and competitions without spectators;
- b. sports activities, including matches and competitions without spectators, for individuals or in groups of up to 15 persons born in 2000 or earlier:
 1. outdoors provided participants wear a face mask or maintain the required distance,
 2. indoors subject to compliance the capacity limits under Annex 1 number 3.1^{bis} letter f provided participants wear a face mask or maintain the

⁴⁷ Inserted by No I of the O of 28 Oct. 2020 (Measures that apply to Persons, publicly accessible Establishments and Businesses and Events, and for the Protection of Employees) (AS 2020 4503). Amended by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force since 19 April 2021 (AS 2021 213).

⁴⁸ Inserted by No I of the O of 28 Oct. 2020 (Measures that apply to Persons, publicly accessible Establishments and Businesses and Events, and for the Protection of Employees) (AS 2020 4503). Amended by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force from 19 April to 31 May 2021 (AS 2021 213).

required distance; face masks are not required if the activity cannot otherwise be carried out, there is sufficient space to meet the stricter requirements of Annex 1 number 3.1^{quater} and contact details are recorded in accordance with Article 5;

- c. training activities and competitions involving elite athletes who:
 - 1. hold a national or regional Swiss Olympic card or who are members of the national squad of a national sports association, and
 - 2. who train as individuals, in groups of up to 15 persons or as an established competitive team;
- d. training activities and competitive matches involving teams that compete in a professional or semi-professional league or a national junior league; where competition is professional or semi-professional only in the league for one of the two sexes, the training activities and competitive matches may also take place in the league for the other sex.

² Sports activities in groups of up to 5 persons under paragraph 1 letters a and b are exempted from the requirement to draw up a precautionary measures plan under Article 4.

Art. 6^{A9} Special provisions for the cultural sector

¹ The operation of museums, libraries, archives and comparable cultural institutions is subject only to the requirement of a precautionary measures plan pursuant to Article 4 and the requirements of Article 5*d* paragraph 1.

² In the non-professional cultural sector, the following activities are permitted, with the exception of performances before an audience:

- a. any activities by children and young persons born in 2001 or later;
- b. activities by any individual born in 2000 or earlier;
- c. indoor activities in groups of up to 15 persons born in 2000 or earlier subject to the capacity limits in Annex 1 number 3.1^{bis} letter f, provided participants wear face masks and maintain the required distance; face masks are not required if the activity cannot otherwise be carried out, there is sufficient space to meet the stricter requirements of Annex 1 number 3.1^{ter} and contact details are recorded in accordance with Article 5;
- d. outdoor activities in groups of up to 15 persons born in 2000 or earlier, provided participants wear face masks and maintain the required distance;

³ In the professional cultural sector, all activities by artists or ensembles are permitted. The following applies to the activities that involve singing:

⁴⁹ Inserted by No I of the O of 28 Oct. 2020 (Measures that apply to Persons, publicly accessible Establishments and Businesses and Events and for the Protection of Employees) (AS 2020 4503). Amended by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force from 19 April to 31 May 2021 (AS 2021 213).

- a. performances involving choirs with an audience are prohibited;
- b. rehearsing and performing that involves singers is only permitted if the precautionary measures plan includes relevant protective measures.

⁴ Events under paragraph 2 letters a, c and d involving groups of up to 5 persons are exempt from the requirement to draw up a precautionary measures plan under Article 4.

Art. 6g⁵⁰ Special provisions for child and youth work

¹ Activities of organisations and institutions involved in public child and youth work are permitted provided the following requirements are met:

- a. The activities are for children and young persons born in 2001 or later.
- b. A qualified person supervises the activities of the children and young persons.
- c. The precautionary measures plan indicates:
 1. the permitted activities; parties, dancing events and the provision of food and drinks are not permitted at any time;
 2. the maximum permitted number of children and young persons.

² Dancing events and the provision of food and drinks in indoor areas are not permitted.

Art. 7 Relaxation of requirements by the cantons

¹ The responsible cantonal authority may authorise a relaxation of the requirements under Article 4 paragraphs 2–4 and Articles 5–6f provided:⁵¹

- a. overriding public interests so require;
- a^{bis}.⁵² the epidemiological situation in the canton or the region concerned permits this based on the indicators specified in Article 8 paragraph 1 letter a; and
- b.⁵³ the organiser or operator submits a precautionary measures plan under Article 4 that includes specific measures to prevent the spread of the coronavirus and to break transmission chains.

2–5 ...⁵⁴

⁵⁰ Inserted by No I of the O of 24 Feb. 2021 (Extension of Measures and Relaxation of Measures related to Leisure, Culture, Sport and Shops) (AS 2021 110, 157). Amended by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force from 19 April to 31 May 2021 (AS 2021 213).

⁵¹ Amended by No I of the O of 4 Dec. 2020 (Special Arrangements for Public Holidays and Winter Sports Centres), in force since 9 Dec. 2020 (AS 2020 5189).

⁵² Inserted by No I of the O of 4 Dec. 2020 (Special Arrangements for Public Holidays and Winter Sports Centres), in force since 9 Dec. 2020 (AS 2020 5189).

⁵³ Amended by No I of the O of 4 Dec. 2020 (Special Arrangements for Public Holidays and Winter Sports Centres), in force since 9 Dec. 2020 (AS 2020 5189).

⁵⁴ Inserted by No I of the O of 11 Dec. 2020 (Restrictions on Events and Opening Hours of Restaurants and other publicly accessible Businesses and Establishments) (AS 2020

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Art. 8⁵⁶ Additional measures by the cantons¹ The canton shall take additional measures under Article 40 EpidA if:

- a. the epidemiological situation in the canton or in a region so requires; it shall assess the situation in particular based on the following indicators and their trends:
 1. incidence (7-day, 14-day),
 2. the number of new infections (per day, per week),
 3. the number of positive tests as a percentage of the total number of tests carried out (positivity rate),
 4. the number of tests carried out (per day, per week),
 5. the reproduction number,
 6. in-patient capacities and the number of persons newly hospitalised (per day, per week), including those in intensive care;
- b. as a result of the epidemiological situation, it is no longer able to provide the capacities required to identify and notify persons who may have been infected as stipulated in Article 33 EpidA.

² It shall in particular guarantee freedom of religion and conscience and that political rights may be exercised.³ It shall consult the FOPH beforehand and inform the FOPH of the measures taken.**Art. 9** Inspections and obligations to cooperate¹ The operator and organisers must:

- a. submit their precautionary measures plan to the responsible cantonal authorities if requested to do so;
- b. allow the responsible cantonal authorities access to the establishments, businesses or events.

^{1bis} The responsible cantonal authorities shall conduct regularly checks on compliance with the precautionary measures plans, in particular in winter sports resorts and ski areas.⁵⁷

5377). Repealed by No 1 of the O of 6 Jan. 2021 (Repeal of relaxation of requirements by the cantons under certain circumstances), with effect from 9 Jan. 2021 (AS 2021 2).

⁵⁵ Inserted by No 1 of the O of 18 Dec. 2020 (Tightening of Measures in December) (AS 2020 5813). Repealed by No 1 of the O of 6 Jan. 2021 (Repeal of relaxation of requirements by the cantons under certain circumstances), with effect from 9 Jan. 2021 (AS 2021 2).⁵⁶ Amended by No 1 of the O of 4 Dec. 2020 (Special Arrangements for Public Holidays and Winter Sports Centres), in force since 9 Dec. 2020 (AS 2020 5189).⁵⁷ Inserted by No 1 of the O of 4 Dec. 2020 (Special Arrangements for Public Holidays and Winter Sports Centres), in force since 9 Dec. 2020 (AS 2020 5189).

² If they establish that no adequate precautionary measures plan has been drawn up or that a plan has not been implemented or only in part, they shall take appropriate measures immediately. They may issue reminders, close down establishments or businesses or prohibit or break up events.⁵⁸

³ Paragraphs 1 letter a and 2 first sentence also apply to precautionary measures plans in winter sports resorts.⁵⁹

Section 4 Measures to Protect Workers

Art. 10 Preventive measures

¹ Employers must guarantee that their employees are able to comply with the FOPH recommendations on hygiene and social distancing. To do so, they must plan and implement related measures.

^{1bis} All persons must wear face masks indoors, including in vehicles in which more than one person is present. This requirement does not apply to:⁶⁰

a.⁶¹ ...

b. activities for which masks cannot be worn for safety or security reasons or because of the nature of the activity;

c.⁶² persons who are exempted from the requirement wear a mask in accordance with Article 3b paragraph 2.⁶³

² Employers shall take further measures in accordance with the STOP Principle (Substitution, Technical measures, Organisational measures, Personal protective equipment), in particular physical separation, separate teams or wearing face masks outdoors.⁶⁴

³ Where the nature of the activity makes this possible and feasible at a reasonable cost, employers shall ensure that employees fulfil their work obligations from home.

⁵⁸ Amended by No I of the O of 4 Dec. 2020 (Special Arrangements for Public Holidays and Winter Sports Centres), in force since 9 Dec. 2020 (AS 2020 5189).

⁵⁹ Inserted by No I of the O of 4 Dec. 2020 (Special Arrangements for Public Holidays and Winter Sports Centres), in force since 9 Dec. 2020 (AS 2020 5189).

⁶⁰ Amended by No I of the O of 24 Feb. 2021 (Extension of Measures and Relaxation of Measures related to Leisure, Culture, Sport and Shops), in force since 1 March 2021 (AS 2021 110).

⁶¹ Repealed by No I of the O of 24 Feb. 2021 (Extension of Measures and Relaxation of Measures related to Leisure, Culture, Sport and Shops), with effect from 1 March 2021 (AS 2021 110).

⁶² Amended by No I of the O of 24 Feb. 2021 (Extension of Measures and Relaxation of Measures related to Leisure, Culture, Sport and Shops), in force since 1 March 2021 (AS 2021 110).

⁶³ Inserted by No I of the O of 28 Oct. 2020 (Measures that apply to Persons, publicly accessible Establishments and Businesses and Events, and for the Protection of Employees), in force since 29 Oct. 2020 (AS 2020 4503).

⁶⁴ Amended by No I of the O of 24 Feb. 2021 (Extension of Measures and Relaxation of Measures related to Leisure, Culture, Sport and Shops), in force since 1 March 2021 (AS 2021 110).

They shall take the appropriate organisational and technical measures for this purpose. Employees shall not be entitled to any reimbursement of expenses for fulfilling their work obligations from home on the basis of this provision.⁶⁵

⁴ For the protection of particularly vulnerable employees, Article 27a of COVID-19 Ordinance 3 of 19 June 2020⁶⁶ also applies.⁶⁷

Art. 11 Implementation, inspections and obligations to cooperate

¹ Pursuant to the health protection provisions in Article 6 of the Employment Act of 13 March 1964⁶⁸, the authorities implementing the Employment Act and the Federal Act of 20 March 1981⁶⁹ on Accident Insurance are responsible for implementing Article 10.

² The competent implementing authorities may conduct inspections of businesses and locations at any time without prior notice.

³ Employers must allow the competent implementing authorities access to their premises and locations.

⁴ The instructions given by the competent implementing authorities during their on-site inspections must be implemented immediately.

Section 5
Reporting Obligation of the Cantons relating to Capacities in the Provision of Healthcare

Art. 12

The cantons are required to report the following to the Coordinated Medical Services regularly:

- a. the total number and occupancy of hospital beds;
- b. the total number and occupancy of hospital beds that are intended for the treatment of COVID-19 cases, and the number of patients currently being treated for COVID-19;
- c. the total number and occupancy of hospital beds in intensive care and the number of patients with COVID-19 currently being treated and ventilated in intensive care;

⁶⁵ Inserted by No I of the O of 18 Oct. 2020 (Mandatory masks; Recommendation to work from home) (AS 2020 4159). Amended by No I of the O of 24 Feb. 2021 (Extension of Measures and Relaxation of Measures related to Leisure, Culture, Sport and Shops), in force since 1 March 2021 (AS 2021 110).

⁶⁶ SR 818.101.24

⁶⁷ Inserted by No I of the O of 13 Jan. 2021 (Further Tightening of Measures) (AS 2021 7). Amended by No I of the O of 24 Feb. 2021 (Extension of Measures and Relaxation of Measures related to Leisure, Culture, Sport and Shops), in force since 1 March 2021 (AS 2021 110).

⁶⁸ SR 822.11

⁶⁹ SR 832.20

- d. the total number and occupancy of devices for extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO);
- e. the details of availability of medical and nursing staff in hospitals;
- f. the maximum numbers, i.e. the total number of patients and total number of COVID-19 patients, that can be treated by their hospitals, taking account of the available beds and the available staff.

Section 6 Criminal Provisions

Art. 13⁷⁰

Any person who commits any of the following acts shall be liable to a fine:

- a.⁷¹ as an operator or organiser, wilfully or negligently failing to comply with the requirements imposed in Article 4 paragraphs 1 and 2 or in Articles 5a, 5d paragraph 1, 6 paragraph 1^{bis} letters a–d and 6d–6g;
- b. as an operator or organiser, wilfully or negligently processing contact details recorded pursuant to Article 5 for other purposes in contravention of Article 5 paragraph 3 or retaining such details for longer than 14 days after the person or persons concerned participated in the event or visited the establishment or business;
- c. wilfully operating a ski area without the required authorisation pursuant to Article 5c paragraph 2 or in derogation from the approved precautionary measures plan;
- d.⁷² wilfully holding an event involving more persons than are permitted under Article 6 paragraphs 1, 1^{bis} or 2, or wilfully participating in such an event;
- e.⁷³ wilfully holding a trade fair the holding of which is prohibited by Article 6 paragraph 3;
- f. wilfully or negligently failing to wear a face mask in contravention of Article 3a or 3b paragraph 1 in public transport vehicles, publicly accessible indoor and outdoor areas of businesses and establishments, including markets, in waiting areas for trains, buses trams and cableways, and in railway sta-

⁷⁰ Amended by No I of the O of 27 Jan. 2021 (Additional Criminal Provisions and Introduction of the Fixed Penalty Procedure), in force from 1 Feb. 2021 to 31 Dec. 2021 (AS 2021 52).

⁷¹ Amended by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force since 19 April 2021 (AS 2021 213).

⁷² Amended by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force since 19 April 2021 (AS 2021 213, 222).

⁷³ Amended by No I of the O of 24 Feb. 2021 (Extension of Measures and Relaxation of Measures related to Leisure, Culture, Sport and Shops), in force since 1 March 2021 (AS 2021 110).

- tions, airports and other public transport access areas, unless an exception pursuant to Article 3a paragraph 1 or Article 3b paragraph 2 applies;
- g. wilfully contravening the ban on gatherings of people in public areas in Article 3c paragraph 1 or pursuant to a stricter provision of cantonal law;
 - h.⁷⁴ as a guest of a restaurant or bar or as a person attending an event, wilfully contravening the requirement to be seated in Article 5a paragraph 3 letter b or Article 6 paragraph 1^{bis} letter c;
 - i. wilfully or negligently failing to wear a face mask at a political or civil society demonstration or when collecting signatures, unless an exception pursuant to Article 6c paragraph 2 second sentence applies.

Section 7 Final Provisions

Art. 14 Amendment of other legislation

The following Ordinances are amended as follows:

...⁷⁵

Art. 14a⁷⁶ Transitional provisions to the Amendment of 4 December 2020

¹ Ski area operators that have already begun operations before 9 December 2020 and wish to continue or that wish to begin operations before 22 December 2020 must submit their precautionary measures plan under Article 5c paragraph 4 to the responsible cantonal authority by 11 December 2020.

² If the precautionary measures plan is not submitted on time, operations are only permitted once the responsible cantonal authority grants authorisation.

³ The cantonal authority shall decide within ten days of receiving the precautionary measures plan.

⁴ Winter sports resorts must be able to produce their precautionary measures plans under Article 5b on 18 December 2020 and must implement them from this date.

Art. 15 Commencement and duration

¹ With the exception of paragraph 2, this Ordinance comes into force on 22 June 2020 at 00.00.

² Article 6 paragraph 4 and Article 14 number 2 come into force on 20 June 2020 at 00.00.

⁷⁴ Amended by No I of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force since 19 April 2021 (AS 2021 213).

⁷⁵ The amendments may be consulted under AS 2020 2213.

⁷⁶ Inserted by No I of the O of 4 Dec. 2020 (Special Arrangements for Public Holidays and Winter Sports Centres), in force since 9 Dec. 2020 (AS 2020 5189).

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⁷⁷ Repealed by No I of the O of 12 Aug. 2020 (Requirement to wear Masks in Aircraft; Large-Scale Events), with effect from 15 Aug. 2020 (AS **2020** 3547).

⁷⁸ Inserted by No I of the O of 12 Aug. 2020 (Requirement to wear Masks in Aircraft; Large-Scale Events) (AS **2020** 3547). Repealed by No I of the O of 28 Oct. 2020 (Measures that apply to Persons, publicly accessible Establishments and Businesses and Events, and for the Protection of Employees), with effect from 29 Oct 2020 (AS **2020** 4503).

⁷⁹ Inserted by No I of the O of 2 Sept. 2020 (Large-Scale Events) (AS **2020** 3679). Repealed by No I of the O of 28 Oct. 2020 (Measures that apply to Persons, publicly accessible Establishments and Businesses and Events, and for the Protection of Employees), with effect from 29 Oct 2020 (AS **2020** 4503).

Annex 1⁸⁰

(Art. 4 para. 3, 5 para. 1, 6e para. 1 let. b No 2 and 6f para. 2 let. c)

Requirements for precautionary measures plans

1 General Remarks

1.1 Principle

There is an increased risk of infection if persons are unable to keep a distance of 1.5 metres from each other for more than 15 minutes.

1.2 Protection against infection with COVID-19

¹ The operator or organiser shall ensure when choosing the measures under Article 4 paragraph 2 that guests, persons in attendance and participants are provided with effective protection against infection with COVID-19.

² Where employees are at work in publicly accessible establishments and businesses and at events, the precautionary measures plan must reconcile the measures for guests, persons in attendance or participants with the measures to protect the employees under Article 10.

³ In order to achieve effective protection in accordance with paragraphs 1 and 2, the operator or organiser shall if necessary take different measures for individual areas of the establishment business or event, for example for seating or catering areas, or for individual groups of persons, for example, by forming permanent teams.

1.3 Reason for recording contact details

If provision must be made in the precautionary measures plan in accordance with Article 4 paragraph 2 letter d for recording contact details, the reasons for doing so must be stated in the plan.

1.4 Informing the persons present

The operator or organiser shall inform the persons present (guests, participants, persons in attendance) about the measures that apply in the establishment, business or at the event, such as any requirement to wear a face mask, the recording of contact details or the ban on moving from one sector of the event to another.

⁸⁰ Originally: Annex. Revised by No II of the O of 2 Sept. 2020 (Large-Scale Events) (AS 2020 3679), of 18 Oct. 2020 (Mandatory masks; Recommendation to work from home) (AS 2020 4159), of 28 Oct. 2020 (Measures that apply to Persons, publicly accessible Establishments and Businesses and Events, and for the Protection of Employees) (AS 2020 4503) and No II of the O of 14 April 2021 (Relaxation of Measures: Socio-Medical Institutions, Restaurants and Bars, Events, Indoor Areas of Establishments for Culture, Entertainment, Leisure and Sport), in force since 19 Apr. 2021, No 3.1^{ter} and 3.1^{quater}, in force until 31 May 2021 (AS 2021 213).

2 Hygiene

- 2.1 All persons must be able to wash their hands regularly. Hand sanitiser and, in the case of publicly accessible washbasins, soap must be made available.
- 2.2 All contact surfaces must be regularly cleaned.
- 2.3 A sufficient number of waste bins must be provided, in particular for disposing of paper handkerchiefs and face masks.

3 Social distancing

- 3.1 Persons must keep a minimum of 1.5 metres distance from each other (the required distance).
- 3.1^{bis} Access to publicly accessible indoor and outdoor areas of establishments and businesses and to events shall be restricted as follows:
 - a. In shops with a floor area of up to 40 square metres, a maximum of 3 customers may be present.
 - b. In shops with a floor area of more than 40 square metres that make at least two thirds of their turnover from the sale of foodstuffs, the following applies:
 1. 10 square metres per customer;
 2. the lowest maximum number of customers is 5.
 - c. For shops with a floor area of more than 40 square metres that make less than two thirds of their turnover from the sale of foodstuffs, the following applies:
 1. for shops with a floor area of between 41 and 500 square metres:
 - 10 square metres per customer,
 - the lowest maximum number of customers is 5;
 2. for shops with a floor area of between 501 and 1500 square metres:
 - 15 square metres per customer,
 - the lowest maximum number of customers is 50;
 3. for shops with a floor area of over 1500 square metres:
 - 20 square metres per customer,
 - the lowest maximum number of customers is 100.
 - d. In establishments in which there are several shops with a total floor area larger than 10,000 square metres (shopping centres), the maximum number of customers present in the shopping centre may not exceed the sum of the customers permitted in the individual shops.
 - e. ...
 - f. In businesses and establishments other than shops, the following applies:
 1. In areas in which persons may move around freely, if several persons are present, each person must have at least 10 square metres

- of space; the lowest maximum number of customers, however, is 5.
2. In establishments and businesses with an area of up to 30 square metres, a minimum area of 6 square metres of space for each person applies;
 3. The requirements in numbers 1 and 2 do not apply to cultural or sports activities with children and young persons born in 2001 or later or that are organised by public child and youth work organisations and institutions
- g. In the case of seats arranged in rows or in a similar way, only every second seat or seats an equivalent distance apart may be occupied.
- 3.1^{ter} The following applies to cultural activities carried out indoors without wearing a face mask in accordance with Article 6*f* paragraph 2 letter a number 3:
- a. Each person must have at least 25 square metres of space for his or her exclusive use or effective barriers must be erected between the individual persons.
 - b. In the case of activities that do not involve singing, wind instruments or considerable physical exertion and which do not involve leaving the allocated space, the minimum area is 15 square metres per person.
 - c. The premises must be effectively ventilated.
- 3.1^{quater} The following applies to sports activities carried out indoors without wearing a face mask in accordance with Article 6*e* paragraph 1 letter b number 2:
- a. Each person must have at least 25 square metres for his or her exclusive use or effective barriers must be erected between the individual persons.
 - b. In the case of sports that do not involve considerable physical exertion and which do not involve leaving the allocated space, the minimum area is 15 square metres per person.
 - c. In indoor swimming pools, there must be a water surface of 25 square metres available to each swimmer.
 - d. No more than 15 persons may be in a room at the same time.
 - e. The premises must be effectively ventilated.
- 3.2 In derogation from number 3.1, in the seating area seats must be arranged or occupied so that a minimum of one seat remains free or an equivalent distance is maintained between the seats.
- 3.3 In restaurants, bars and clubs, groups of guests must be seated at the individual tables in such a way that the required distance is maintained between individual groups.
- 3.4 The movement of persons should be controlled so that the required distance can be maintained between all persons.

- 3.5 The requirements on distancing do not apply to groups of persons for whom compliance with social distancing is not expedient, in particular in the case of schoolchildren, families or persons who live in the same household.

4 Recording of contact details

- 4.1 The contact details of the persons present must be recorded if it is possible that the persons present will be unable to maintain the required distance for a period in excess of 15 minutes and other protective measures are not in place.
- 4.2 The operator or organiser must inform the participants of the following:
- a. that it is likely that the required distance cannot be maintained and that there is therefore an increased risk of infection;
 - b. that participants may be contacted by the competent authority or organisation in the canton, and that this authority or organisation has the power to order quarantine for persons who have been in contact with a person who has COVID-19.
- 4.3 Contact details may in particular be recorded via booking or membership systems or by using a contact form.
- 4.4 The following details must be recorded:
- a. surname, first name, address and telephone number;
 - b. in the case of businesses, in particular restaurant-type establishments and cinemas, and in the case of events with seats: the seat or table number;
- 4.4^{bis} The operator or organiser must take appropriate measures to ensure that the contact details recorded are accurate.
- 4.5 In the case of families or other groups with persons who know each other and in restaurants, bars and clubs, it is sufficient to record the contact details of only one person in the family or group concerned.
- 4.6 The operator or organiser must guarantee the confidentiality of the contact details when recording the same, and data security, in particular in storing the data.

Annex 2⁸¹

⁸¹ Inserted by No II of the O of 13 Jan. 2021 (Further Tightening of Measures) (AS **2021** 7). Repealed by No II para. 2 of the O of 24 Feb. 2021 (Extension of Measures and Relaxation of Measures related to Leisure, Culture, Sport and Shops), with effect from 1 March 2021 (AS **2021** 110).